

OBITUARY: SOSEI MATSUMOTO, 103; TEA CEREMONY INSTRUCTOR

Urasenke master considered mother of chado in United States.

Posted On MARCH 11, 2019

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By GWEN MURANAKA, Rafu Senior Editor

Famed tea ceremony instructor Madame Sosei Shizuye Matsumoto of the Urasenke School passed away on Feb. 21. She was 103.

For seven decades, Madame Matsumoto devoted her life to teaching the discipline of *chado*, an intricate series of steps designed around the act of serving tea. In 1994, she was recognized as a National Endowment for the Arts Heritage Fellow by President Bill Clinton.

"She was really the person who was the mother of tea ceremony in the United States," said Robert Hori, president of the Urasenke Los Angeles Association. "She was the first person after the Second World War to start a tea school and to have students. The number of accredited students that she taught who went on to become teachers numbers in the hundreds."

Throughout her career, Madame Matsumoto shared her love for the Way of Tea to all who were interested: from presidents and prime ministers, to school kids, Keiro residents and lananese American community members. Stu



Madame Sosei Shizuye Matsumoto of the Urasenke School (Rafu file photo)

Japanese American community members. Students traveled from around the country to be taught by the diminutive sensei.

"One of the reasons why she became so successful at teaching is that she liked to teach, and she said anyone is welcome," Hori said.

At a demonstration for third-graders at Brentwood School in 2005, Madame Matsumoto said cheerfully, "It is wonderful to be able to impart the idea of appreciating everything that we have to such an exceptional group of

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young people by our presentation of *chanoyu*. The sincerity in which we prepare a bowl of tea as a host and accept a bowl of tea as a guest is a good foundation for heart-to-heart communication."

At her memorial service on March 3, a message was read from 15th-generation Grand Tea Master Sen Soshitsu Hounsai by Fushida Sokei Gyotei, who was dispatched from Kyoto to attend the service.

The grand tea master said of Matsumoto-sensei: "It would take forever for me to tell about how much you, with your husband, truly loved the Way of Tea and conveyed its spirit to so many in America."

Matsumoto was born on Feb. 21, 1916 in Honolulu. After attending high school in Los Angeles, she enrolled in the French American Fashion Design School and graduated in 1941.

At that time, she also began training in the Way of Tea. She moved to Kyoto, and for six years she trained under Tantansai, the 14th-generation grandmaster of the Urasenke School, as well as Hounsai, the 15th– generation grandmaster.

Following World War II, Matsumotosensei saw that there were few practitioners of Japanese tea ceremony in her new home of Los Angeles, but her desire to start a school was thwarted by the unsettled times of Japanese Americans

Then-First Lady Hillary Clinton recognizes Madame Matsumoto as a 1994 National Heritage Fellow. (Archival photos courtesy of Karen Matsumoto)

the unsettled times of Japanese Americans returning from internment camps.

Matsumoto opened her tea school in 1951, the same year she was invited to the signing of the U.S.-Japan peace treaty in San Francisco. Over a four-day period, she served tea to more than 3,000 American and Japanese officials, including President Harry Truman and Prime Minister Shigeru Yoshida.

That same year, Matsumoto-sensei was asked to perform tea ceremony at the home of Ray and Charles Eams, noted architects and furniture designers. Among the guests were Charlie Chaplin, Isamu Noguchi and actress Shirley Yamaguchi, who was student of Matsumoto. In 2012, the Eames Foundation invited her back to recreate that iconic moment.

Matsumoto, who taught a credit class through the East Asian Languages Department at UCLA, instructs students in the tea ceremony in 1989.

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In the 1950s, Matsumoto-sensei introduced millions of Americans to chado through appearances on CBS and NBC television programs. She was also featured in the 20th Century Fox film "Japanese War Bride." In 1968, she was invited to give a demonstration at the Olympic Art Festival in Mexico City.

For decades, Matsumoto taught tea ceremony in her home on Occidental Street in Los Angeles near the original Tommy's. Her late husband Eddie built her an eight-tatami-mat tearoom named "Showaken."

Keiko Nakada studied with Matsumoto-sensei for more than 40 years, and recalled her as a disciplinarian who expected much from her students. Matsumoto continued to instruct until late last year.

"When you do something wrong, she says, 'What are you doing?' She would correct it and say, 'This is how you do it,'" said Nakada.

Nakada became a tea instructor herself and is teacher of record at Shoseian Japanese Garden in Glendale.

"She embodied chado in everything she did. In her later years, she would say do not forget gratitude, be grateful for everything and everyone."

Throughout her long career, Matsumoto received numerous honors. In 1990, the Japanese government awarded her the Order of the Sacred Treasure, Gold and Silver Rays. In 2006, the Japanese American National Museum recognized her with its Cultural Ambassador Award. Most recently, she was honored last November at the Japanese American Cultural & Community Center during a program sponsored by the Alliance for California Traditional Arts.

Funeral attendees are served tea prepared by Matsumoto's students. (Photo by Kazumi Miyake)

The memorial service at Hompa Hongwanji Buddhist Temple embodied the life of the revered tea instructor who attained the highest teaching certificate available in 1989, receiving the title *meiyo shihan* or honored master.

An offeratory tea was prepared by Fushida Sokei Gyotei and placed before the altar. Afterwards, the students of Matsumoto-sensei prepared bowls of tea for the attendees and her favorite sweets were served. A display of some of her cherished utensils were displayed, including a tea bowl used at signing of the Treaty of San Francisco, another bowl was inscribed with the Japanese characters 思遠 (*shion*), translated as thinking of someone (now) far away.

"Live in a life of gratitude, it's something we all should be reminded of," reflected Nakada. "She brought us calm and peace when we were in her tea room."

She is survived by her daughter, Karen Matsumoto; granddaughter, Miko Branch; great-grandson, Faison Branch; niece; Etsuko Ota; and other relatives.

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